Claims

1. A method for determining a patient-specific, non-antagonistic ratio of two or more therapeutic agents comprising:

- i) providing diseased cells obtained from a patient;
- ii) characterizing a molecular phenotype of said diseased cells;
- iii) matching the molecular phenotype of said diseased cells with the molecular phenotype of a cultured cell line;
 - iv) providing at least a first and a second therapeutic agent; and
- v) assaying the first therapeutic agent in combination with the second therapeutic agent at various ratios *in vitro* on said cultured cell lines to determine a ratio of said first and second therapeutic agents that exhibits a non-antagonistic biological effect on said cultured cell lines,

whereby said ratio is identified as a patient-specific, non-antagonistic ratio.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said patient-specific ratio exhibits said non-antagonistic biological effect on said cultured cell line over at least 5% of such concentration range where > 1% of the cells are affected ($f_a > 0.01$) in said in vitro assay for biologic effect.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said non-antagonistic biological effect is exhibited over at least 5% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected ($f_a = 0.2-0.8$) in said *in vitro* assay.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 20% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected in said in vitro assay.
- 5. A method of preparing a patient-specific pharmaceutical preparation comprising:
 - i) providing a first composition comprising a first delivery vehicle, said first delivery vehicle having stably associated therewith a first therapeutic agent;
 - ii) providing a second composition comprising a second delivery vehicle, said delivery vehicle having stably associated therewith a second therapeutic agent; and

iii) combining said first composition and said second composition in a ratio of first therapeutic agent to second therapeutic agent that provides a non-antagonistic effect to cultured cells that have a molecular phenotype similar or identical to cells harvested from the diseased tissue or blood of said patient.

- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein combination of said first and second composition occurs immediately prior to use.
- 7. The method of claim 5, wherein said ratio exhibits said non-antagonistic biological effect on said cultured cells over at least 5% of such concentration range where > 1% of the cells are affected ($f_a > 0.01$) in said in vitro assay for biologic effect.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 5% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected $(f_a = 0.2-0.8)$ in said *in vitro* assay.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 20% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected in said in vitro assay.
- 10. A method of preparing a patient-specific pharmaceutical preparation comprising:

stably associating with a delivery vehicle at least a first and second therapeutic agent in a ratio of the first to second therapeutic agent that provides a non-antagonistic effect to cultured cells that have a molecular phenotype similar or identical to cells harvested from the diseased tissue or blood of the patient.

- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the first therapeutic agent is stably associated with a first delivery vehicle and the second therapeutic agent is stably associated with a second delivery vehicle.
- 12. The method of claim 10, wherein said ratio exhibits said non-antagonistic biological effect on said cultured cells over at least 5% of such concentration range where > 1% of the cells are affected ($f_a > 0.01$) in said *in vitro* assay for biologic effect.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 5% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected $(f_a = 0.2-0.8)$ in said in vitro assay.

- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 20% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected in said *in vitro* assay.
- 15. The method of claim 10, wherein the first and second therapeutic agents are co-encapsulated in the same delivery vehicle.
- 16. The method of claim 10, wherein the first and second therapeutic agents are separately encapsulated with first and second delivery vehicles.
 - 17. A composition prepared by the method of claim 5.
 - 18. A composition prepared by the method of claim 10.
- 19. A method to provide a patient with an individualized treatment which method comprises administering to said patient the composition of claim 17.
- 20. A method to provide a patient with an individualized treatment which method comprises administering to said patient the composition of claim 18.
 - 21. A method of providing a patient with an individualized treatment comprising: administering to said patient a first composition comprising a first delivery vehicle associated with a first therapeutic agent and a second composition comprising a second delivery vehicle stably associated with a second therapeutic agent in a ratio that exhibits a non-antagonistic biological effect on cultured cells having a similar or identical molecular phenotype to cells obtained from said patient, wherein the pharmacokinetics of the first and second delivery vehicles are coordinated.
- 22. A method of providing a pharmaceutical preparation individualized to a particular patient comprising:

- a) obtaining diseased cells from the patient;
- b) characterizing the molecular phenotype of said patient's diseased cells;
- c) matching the molecular phenotype of said patient's diseased cells with the molecular phenotype of cultured cells;
 - d) providing at least a first and a second therapeutic agent;
- e) conducting an assay *in vitro* on said cultured cells to determine a ratio of at least a first and second therapeutic agent that exhibits a non-antagonistic biological effect on said cultured cells; whereby said ratio is determined as a patient-specific ratio for said individualized treatment; and
- f) mixing a first composition comprising a first delivery vehicle associated with said first therapeutic agent with a second composition comprising a second delivery vehicle stably associated with said second therapeutic agent in the patient-specific ratio determined in e), wherein the pharmacokinetics of the delivery vehicles in said first and second compositions are coordinated.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said ratio exhibits said non-antagonistic biological effect on said cultured cells over at least 5% of such concentration range where > 1% of the cells are affected ($f_a > 0.01$) in said in vitro assay for biologic effect.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 5% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected $(f_a = 0.2-0.8)$ in said in vitro assay.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said non-antagonistic effect is exhibited over at least 20% of the concentration range such that 20-80% of the cultured cells are affected in said *in vitro* assay.